



CAROLINA

UNIVERSITY

ANNUAL SECURITY AND FIRE SAFETY REPORT

October 2026

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A Word from the Vice President for Student Affairs

To the Carolina University (CU) Community,

Carolina University is dedicated to fostering a safe, secure, and Christ-centered environment where our faculty, staff, students, and guests feel supported and protected. As a community committed to learning, working, and living together in faith, we strive to uphold values of mutual respect and shared responsibility.

The safety of our campus is a top priority, and we recognize that it requires everyone's cooperation. Together, we can build an environment where all members of the CU community feel empowered to contribute to a positive and secure atmosphere.

This Annual Campus Safety and Security Report reflects our ongoing commitment to maintaining a safe campus. It provides important information about our university's safety policies, measures, and crime statistics. Additionally, it highlights our efforts to address and prevent alcohol and drug abuse in accordance with both university policy and Christian principles.

I encourage you to take the time to review this report and join us in our collective efforts to ensure that Carolina University remains a safe and welcoming place for all.

Sincerely,



Dr. Willie Williams
Vice President for Student Affairs

Campus Safety

The safety of our students, faculty, staff, and guests is a top priority at Carolina University. Our on-site campus safety team is committed to maintaining safety and has a track record demonstrating that Carolina University is a safe campus. Like many universities, CU utilizes an emergency notification system that is available to all students, faculty, and staff on campus. It is designed to inform of an incident or possible threat on campus with instructions on what to do. All buildings on campus are equipped with a keyless entry that requires a programmed swipe card for entry. In the Residence Halls, each room is privately keyed.

The Director of Student Life is responsible for all campus safety efforts. The Director prepares the annual safety report and disclosure of crime statistics for the University.

Maintaining a safe and secure campus requires a close working relationship among all members of the Carolina University community, as well as the Winston-Salem Police Department and local emergency services.

Carolina University is committed to providing the best possible education for students and a good working environment for employees. In achieving this goal, it is important to ensure the physical and emotional safety of students, faculty, and staff. University employees and students are responsible for taking safety seriously, preventing and/or reporting any unsafe conditions, and continuously practicing safety while performing any work or using University facilities. Members of the campus are encouraged to immediately report safety concerns of any kind to the following individuals:

- Emergency - 911 (Police)
- Campus Safety - 336-448-4666
security@carolinau.edu
- Dakota Sampson, Head of Campus Safety
304-893-3149
sampsond@carolinau.edu
- Chelsea Jones, Title IX Coordinator
336-714-7958
jonescl@carolinau.edu
- Ellyson Hicks Davis, Director of Student Life
336-628-8303
hickse@carolinau.edu
- Willie Williams, Vice President for Student Affairs
336-714-7902
williamsw_1@carolinau.edu

Crime reports should be submitted to the Director of Student Life or their designee.

Annual Security Report

The Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act, commonly known as the Clery Act, is a federal law outlined in the U.S. Code of Federal Regulations. This statute requires all colleges and universities that participate in federal financial aid programs to compile and disclose information about crime on and near their campuses.

The Clery Act was named after Jeanne Clery, a 19-year-old Lehigh University freshman who tragically lost her life in 1986. In response to widespread concern over unreported crimes on college campuses, the Clery Act was enacted in 1990 as the Crime Awareness and Campus Security Act, later renamed in Jeanne Clery's honor.

This report includes crime statistics from the three most recent calendar years, covering incidents that occurred on campus and on public property immediately adjacent to campus. In addition to crime statistics, the report also contains valuable information on crime prevention efforts, fire safety, hazing prevention, and campus safety policies.

Carolina University diligently tracks and documents all incidents on or around our campus and maintains comprehensive records on file.

For further inquiries, please contact:

Elly Hicks Davis

Director of Student Life
Carolina University
420 S. Broad Street
Winston-Salem, NC 27101

Safety Policies and Procedures

Carolina University (CU) is committed to fostering a safe and secure environment that supports academic achievement and personal growth. While we strive to minimize the risk of crime, the responsibility for maintaining campus safety is shared. Every member of the CU community, students, faculty, and staff plays a critical role in safeguarding our campus by reporting suspicious activities, protecting personal and university property, and taking preventive measures against crime.

The following pages outline the policies and procedures that govern campus safety at CU. These policies are designed to protect the well-being of our community and are compliant with federal requirements. We encourage you to review them carefully and consider how they apply to your role in promoting a safe campus environment.

We welcome your feedback and suggestions regarding campus safety. Please feel free to share your thoughts with the Director of Student Life, as we believe that constructive input from our community is essential for the continuous improvement of our safety measures.

These written policies are mandated by the US Department of Education, which requires all institutions receiving Title IV federal funding to have protocols in place to address incidents that may occur on both secular and religious campuses. While we hope such incidents do not arise at CU, we are fully prepared to address them, if necessary, in alignment with our commitment to safety and security.

Reporting Procedures

Any immediate emergency should be reported to 911 first. Then, contact the Head of Campus Safety.

For other problems or concerns, the University depends on all members of the campus community to be alert for signs of potential harm. Faculty, staff, administrators, students, and community members should report apparent violations of the student code of conduct or any concern regarding an individual who may be a danger to self and others or need intervention for other reasons.

Any of the individuals listed above under *Important Phone Numbers* is prepared to respond to your concern.

All reports will be forwarded to the Director of Student Life for review.

Voluntary and Confidential Reporting

It is imperative that all crimes be reported to local police promptly and accurately for statistical reporting in compliance with the Clery Act. However, the following procedure should be followed if you wish to remain anonymous. Remember that your report may require a “Timely Warning” to others on campus if the crime you are reporting could cause potential harm to others. Please see the policy on “Timely Warnings” contained in this report.

Contact the Head of Campus Safety to report that you have witnessed or have been the victim of a crime. If you wish to report a crime voluntarily and to remain anonymous in your reporting, you may tell them at this time that you wish to remain anonymous. Your name may be recorded so that additional information can be obtained at a later time. However, your name will not appear on reports, nor will there be any personally identifiable information recorded in official reports of the incident.

No one should coerce a student or a member of faculty or staff who has reported a crime to reveal their identity except as noted above, and no one should divulge the name of a person who has requested anonymity to anyone other than the Director of Student Life. In reporting the crime to federal, state, or local police agencies, we will do so in a manner that protects the identity of the person making the report to the extent allowed by law.

Occasionally, victims of crime wish to report a crime but do not want to give their names and/or do not want to pursue action through the University or the criminal justice system. As allowed by the Clery Act, pastoral and professional counselors who receive confidential reports are not required to report these crimes to the University for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics or for the purpose of a timely warning.

These positions are defined as follows:

Pastoral Counselor – a person associated with a religious order or denomination who is recognized by that religious order or denomination as someone who provides confidential counseling and functions within the scope of that recognition as a pastoral counselor.

Professional Counselor – a person whose official responsibility includes providing mental health counseling to members of the institution’s community and who is functioning within the scope of his or her license or certification.

Pastoral and professional counselors are encouraged to inform the persons they are counseling of the procedures to report crime to the Winston-Salem Police Department and the Director of Student Life for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics.

Specified other University departments may accept confidential reports from a victim. The Clery Act, however, requires these departments to report the crime to the Director of Student Life. This reporting allows the University to maintain accurate records on the number of incidents for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics, determine if there is a pattern of crime regarding a particular location, method, or assailant, and alert the campus community of an ongoing threat if needed.

Clery Act Requirements in an Emergency

The Clery Act requires that, in the event of an emergency, emergency notifications be issued “without delay.” The only exception is if doing so would “compromise efforts to assist a victim or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency.” The priority is containing the emergency; this determination will be made “in the professional judgment of responsible authorities.” An emergency notification will be issued immediately. However, more adequate follow-up information will be forthcoming as the situation allows and the circumstances dictate.

Emergency Contact, Mass Notification, and Timely Warning Messages

In the event of an emergency that may affect the safety of individuals, property, or the continuity of university operations, the campus community will be notified in a timely manner through the following means, in the order listed:

- Calls to 911 Emergency are automatically routed to the Winston-Salem Police Department Communications Center and first responders.
- A mass notification system is in place at the University for Timely Warnings through AlertMedia, an early warning system available to all main campus students, staff, and faculty. This operating system can deliver the message via text, call, and email.

Incident Information

Incidents may occur on campus that do not appear to involve an immediate threat to the health and safety of students or employees but, due to their significance, may justify community notification.

Incidents may include, but are not limited to, follow-up to an emergency notification, a significant incident on or off campus, a severe weather warning, or a major facility failure.

All forms of emergency messaging will contain the same information and directives for faculty, staff, and students to follow. Messaging in all forms will be updated frequently during the emergency.

Evacuation Procedures

Carolina University regularly conducts announced and unannounced fire drills each year. These drills are used to:

- Familiarize community members with the audible and visible evacuation signals and the exit routes available to use in the event of a fire or other situation that requires immediate evacuation.
- Evaluate the performance of the employees in a fire incident and the effectiveness of the behaviors used in accordance with the fire drills and the emergency plans/site-specific fire plans.

The results of the drills are documented. Evacuation procedures are as follows:

- Before opening any door, feel the door. If it is HOT, do not open it; if it is not hot, brace yourself against the door, open it slightly, and if heat or heavy smoke is present, close the door and stay in your room.
- If you cannot leave the room, open the window, hang a sheet or other light-colored object out of the window to attract the attention of emergency personnel, and then close the window. If there is a phone in the room, call 911 and report that you are trapped. Remain calm and give your room number and building location. Stuff towels, sheets, or similar materials under all doors leading into corridors. Stay close to the floor if smoke enters the room.
- If conditions allow you to leave your room, close but do not lock the door, walk directly to the nearest exit, and leave the building.
- If you are away from your room when the alarm sounds, do not return to your room but leave the building via the nearest exit.
- If hallways and/or exit stairwells are not accessible because of heavy smoke, return to your room, close the door, and follow the instructions given above.
- If you have exited the facility, stand clear of the building and report to your designated check-in area. Emergency apparatus may be maneuvering around the building.
- Follow the directions of fire and police personnel and NEVER re-enter the building until they give permission to do so.

General Evacuation Procedures are to:

- Remove all persons in immediate danger to safety.
- Activate the Manual Pull Alarm and dial 911.
- Close all doors and windows.
- Extinguish the fire (with a portable fire extinguisher) or evacuate the area.

Fire Alarm Evacuation Policy

Evacuation is mandatory for all individuals when the fire alarm sounds. Anyone who fails to evacuate may face disciplinary action.

Once a fire alarm sounds, do not assume that a fire alarm is a drill or false alarm. Remain calm and evacuate the facility. Remember to follow the directions of the first responders. Do not re-enter until authorized.

Fire Safety Report

Campus Fire Safety Right-to-Know Act

The Campus Fire Safety Right-to-Know Act is an amendment to the Higher Education Opportunity Act. This amendment serves to increase campus fire safety awareness across the nation, providing students and their families with fire safety records of colleges/universities. Signed into law by President George W. Bush on August 14, 2008, this amendment requires post-secondary institutions to publicly release fire safety information and statistics, much as they already do with other safety statistics, such as campus vehicle thefts and assaults. This information provides prospective and current students' policies, concerns, and the fire safety conditions that are present at the institution in which they have applied or are enrolled. This information can be obtained through the Director of Student Life.

Safety Practices

At Carolina University, we encourage all students to commit to safe practices. These include:

- Walking around the campus in groups, particularly during evening hours.
- Locking your rooms and vehicles.
- Parking in the University parking lots.
- Varying your daily routines from time to time.
- Being aware of your surroundings.
- Make sure your cell phone is easily accessible and fully charged.
- Add Campus Safety information to your phone (336-448-4666) and contact them for any needs.

Sexual Assault, Domestic or Dating Violence, and Stalking

Carolina University prohibits the offenses of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking. CU is committed to maintaining a campus environment that emphasizes the dignity and worth of all members of the university community. The Carolina University Student Handbook outlines procedures for students and staff in dealing with these types of issues.

Education and Prevention Programs

The University engages in intentional and integrated programming to end dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking that considers environmental risk and protective factors as they occur on the individual, relationship, institutional, community, and societal levels.

Educational programming consists of primary prevention and awareness programs for all incoming students and ongoing awareness and prevention for students who:

- a. Identifies domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking as prohibited.
- b. Defines, using definitions provided both by the US Department of Education, as well as state law, what behavior constitutes domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking.
- c. Provides a description of safe and positive options for bystander intervention. Bystander intervention means safe and positive options that an individual or individuals may carry out to prevent harm or intervene when there is a risk of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking.
- d. Bystander intervention includes recognizing situations of potential harm, understanding institutional structures and cultural conditions that facilitate violence, overcoming barriers to intervening, identifying safe and effective intervention options, and acting to intervene.
- e. Provides an overview of the information contained in the Annual Security report in compliance with the Clery Act.

Information on Registered Sex Offenders

The Campus Sex Crimes Act, Section 1601 of Public Law: 106-386 (*H.R. 33244*), provides for the tracking of convicted, registered sex offenders enrolled as students at institutions of higher education or working or volunteering on campus. The Act requires sex offenders already required to register in a State to provide notice, as required under State law, of each institution of higher education in that State at which the person is employed, volunteers, or is a student. In accordance with this amendment to the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act, the following is a link to the North Carolina Sex Offender and Public Protection Registry: <https://sexoffender.ncsbi.gov>.

Reporting Procedures

The University has procedures in place to support those who report sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking, including informing individuals about their right to file criminal charges as well as written notification concerning the availability of resources such as counseling, health, mental health, victim advocacy, legal assistance, visa and immigration assistance, and other services on and off campus. Remedies to prevent contact between the complainant and an accused party (such as housing, academic, transportation, and work accommodations) may be requested and will be offered if reasonably available.

The University will make such accommodations if the victim requests them and if they are reasonably available, regardless of whether the victim chooses to proceed with Carolina University's internal disciplinary process and/or report the incident to the Winston-Salem Police Department.

Chelsea Jones is the University's designated Title IX Coordinator. In this role, Ms. Jones is responsible for overseeing the University's Title IX compliance efforts, including this policy and its complaint-resolution procedures. To file a complaint against a student perpetrator for university disciplinary action, please contact:

Chelsea Jones
420 S. Broad Street
Winston-Salem, NC 27101
Phone: 336-714-7958
Email: jonescl@carolinau.edu

After an incident of sexual assault and/or domestic violence, the victim should consider seeking medical attention. For immediate and urgent medical concerns, go directly to the Emergency Department of Wake Forest University Baptist Medical Center. You can call Chelsea Jones if you need assistance. Schedule an appointment with your primary care physician or visit a local medical clinic for less immediate medical concerns.

In North Carolina, evidence may be collected even if you choose not to make a report to law enforcement. If you do not wish to make a report to law enforcement, please notify the Director of Student Life. It is important that victims of sexual assault not bathe, douche, smoke, change clothing, or clean the bed/linen/area where they were assaulted if the offense occurred within the past 120 hours, so evidence may be preserved and assist in proving the alleged criminal offense occurred/or is occurring, or may be helpful in obtaining a protection order. In circumstances of sexual assault, if victims do not opt for forensic evidence collection, healthcare providers can still treat injuries and address concerns.

Victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, stalking, and dating violence are encouraged to also preserve evidence by saving text messages, instant messages, social networking pages, and other communications and keeping pictures, logs, or other copies of documents if they have any, that would be useful to university hearing boards/investigators or police.

Although the University encourages all members of its community to report violations of this policy to law enforcement, it is the victims' choice whether to make a report, and victims have the right to decline involvement with the police. The University will assist victims with notifying local police if they so desire.

The Winston-Salem Police Department can be reached by calling 911 or in person at 725 North Cherry Street, Winston-Salem, NC 27101.

If you have been the victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, you should report the incident promptly to the Title IX Coordinator, Chelsea Jones, by calling, writing, or coming into the office to report in person or to the Winston-Salem Police Department (if the victim so desires).

Procedures Carolina University Will Follow

Sexual Assault:

Depending on when and where the report is, Carolina University will refer the complainant to appropriate medical care.

Stalking:

Carolina University will assess the complainant's immediate safety needs.

Domestic Violence:

Upon request, Carolina University will help the complainant contact the Winston-Salem Police Department.

Dating Violence:

- Carolina University will provide the complainant with referrals to mental health providers.
- Carolina University will assess the need to implement interim or long-term protective measures, such as housing changes, a change in class schedule, or a "No Contact" directive between both parties.
- Carolina University will provide a "No Trespass" directive to the accused party if deemed appropriate.
- Carolina University will provide resources for victims to apply for a Protective Order.
- Carolina University will inform the complainant of the outcome of the investigation, whether or not the accused will be administratively charged, and what the outcome will be of the hearing.
- Carolina University will enforce the anti-retaliation policy and take immediate and separate action against parties that retaliate against a person for complaining of sex-based discrimination or for assisting in the investigation.

Assistance for Victims: Rights & Options

Regardless of whether a victim elects to pursue a criminal complaint or whether the offense is alleged to have occurred on or off campus, the University will assist victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking and will provide each victim with a written explanation of their rights and options. In North Carolina, a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking has the following rights as prescribed by law:

- to be informed of and to be present at the court proceedings of the accused.
- to be heard at the sentencing of the accused in the manner prescribed by law and at other times as prescribed by law or deemed appropriate by the court.
- to receive a resolution.
- to be given information about the crime, how the criminal justice system works, the rights of victims, and the availability of services for victims.
- to receive information about the conviction or final disposition and sentence of the accused.
- to receive notification of escape, release, proposed parole, pardon of the accused, or notice of a reprieve or commutation of the accused's sentence.
- to present their views and concerns to the Governor or agency considering any action that could result in the release of the accused before such action becomes effective.
- to confer with the prosecutor. Further, Carolina University complies with North Carolina law in recognizing protection orders. Any person who obtains an order of protection from

North Carolina or any other state should provide a copy to the Director of Student Life or their designee.

- The University does not publish the house-identifiable information or the name of crime victims online or in the Carolina University Crime Log.

Title IX Compliance

Chelsea Jones is the Title IX Coordinator at Carolina University, with overall responsibility for oversight of the University's Title IX compliance. Oversight includes, but is not limited to, the University's obligations to investigate and respond to allegations of Sexual Harassment, Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, and Stalking. For allegations against faculty, staff, and students, the Title IX Coordinator directs investigations to ensure that allegations reported to University officials are investigated and that confirmed allegations are addressed through CU's complaint processes as appropriate.

Chelsea Jones
Title IX Coordinator
336-714-7958
jonescl@carolinau.edu

Organizations

- North Carolina Coalition Against Sexual Assault
- North Carolina Coalition Against Domestic Violence
- Office of Violence Against Women

A variety of support resources are available to assist students and employees in dealing with sexual assault, domestic violence, or dating violence, whether it has happened recently or in the past.

Internal Resources:

- Student Assistance Program-MyGroup
[1-800-633-3353](tel:1-800-633-3353)
- Employee Assistant Program-MyGroup
[1-800-633-3353](tel:1-800-633-3353)

External Resources:

- | | |
|--|---|
| • Camel City Counseling
138 Cherry St. S. Suite 400
Winston Salem, NC 27101
336-355-8084 | Winston-Salem, NC
336-722-8173 |
| • Associates in Christian Counseling
8025 North Point BLVD #231
Winston-Salem, NC 27106
(336)896-0065 | • Mood Treatment Center Old Salem
713 Marshall Street, SW
Winston-Salem, NC 27101
336-722-7266 |
| • Family Justice Center of the
Carolina Rape Hotline
336-273-7273 | • Moses Cone Hospital
2630 Willard Dairy Road
High Point, NC 27265
(336) 884-3777 |
| • Family Services
1200 South Broad Street | |

- National Teen Dating Abuse Helpline
24-hours: 866/331-9474
Text: love is to 22522
- National Domestic Violence Hotline
24-hours: 800/799-SAFE (7233)
- National Sexual Assault Hotline
24-hours: 800/656-HOPE (4673)
- NC Crisis Rape Center
Family Service of the Carolina
1401 Long Street
High Point, NC
336-889-6161
336-889-7273 (Crisis)
- Novant Health Forsyth Medical Center
3333 Silas Creek Parkway
Winston-Salem, NC
336-718-5000
- Trinity Center
336-725-3999
- Victim Justice Center
401 Taylor Ave.
High Point, NC
336-887-7951
- Wake Forest University Baptist Medical Center
1 Medical Center Blvd.
Winston-Salem, NC
336-716-9253
- Winston-Salem Police Department
911 Emergency
336-773-7700 (Non-Emergency)

Warning Signs of Abusive Behavior and Future Risks

No victim is ever to blame for being assaulted or abused. Unfortunately, a person who is the victim of sexual assault, domestic violence, or dating violence is more likely to be re-victimized. Below are some tips to help reduce your risk, recognize warning signs of abusive behavior, and avoid potential attacks.

Domestic and dating abuse often escalates from threats and verbal abuse to violence. And while physical injury may be the most obvious danger, the emotional and psychological consequences of domestic and dating violence are also severe. Warning signs of dating and domestic violence include:

- Being afraid of your partner
- Constantly watching what you say to avoid a “blow up”
- Feelings of low self-worth and helplessness about your relationship
- Feeling isolated from family or friends because of your relationship
- Hiding bruises or other injuries from family or friends
- Being prevented from working, studying, going home, and/or using technology (including your mobile phone)
- Being monitored by your partner at home, work, or school
- Being forced or pressured to do anything you don’t want to do

Help Reduce Your Risk and Avoid Potential Attacks

- If you are being abused or suspect that someone you know is being abused, speak up or intervene.
- Learn how to look for “red flags” in relationships so you can learn to avoid some of those characteristics in future partners. Consider making a report with Winston Salem Police Dept. and/or the Title IX Coordinator and ask for a No Contact Order from the University to prevent future contact.
- Consider getting a protective order or a no-contact order from the local court. Call your local Clerk of Court or Winston-Salem Police for more information.
- Learn more about what behaviors constitute dating and domestic violence, understand that it is not your fault, and talk with friends and family members about ways you can be supported.
- Trust your instincts, if something doesn’t feel right in a relationship, speak up or end it.

Sexual Assault Prevention

Carolina University encourages all members of the campus community to promote a culture of respect, consent, and care for others. The following guidance supports that commitment:

- Consent must be freely given, clear, and ongoing. It may be withdrawn at any time. Silence, a prior relationship, or previous sexual activity does not establish consent.
- Never pressure, threaten, or manipulate someone into sexual activity. A person who is asleep, unconscious, or incapacitated cannot give consent.
- If you observe concerning behavior, seek assistance, create a distraction, or check in with the person who may need help.

- Stay connected with trusted friends and seek help if someone appears unsafe or unexpectedly impaired.
- Be alert to suspected tampering with drinks or unexpected symptoms, and seek immediate assistance when concerns arise.
- Contact Campus Safety, the Title IX Coordinator, or local law enforcement for assistance. Call 911 in an emergency.

Sexual assault is never the victim's fault. Responsibility rests solely with the person who commits it.

Crime Reduction Tips

Personal Safety

- Walk or jog with a friend, not alone.
- Avoid isolated areas.
- Know your limits on dates and communicate them to your partner.
- Tell a friend where you are going and when you will return.
- Report concerning behaviors (unwanted texts, threats, etc.)
- Use a cell phone or raise the hood and stay in your car if it breaks down. If people stop to assist, ask them to call the police.
- Be aware of your surroundings.
- Never leave your drink unattended. Because they are colorless and odorless, date rape drugs can be slipped into any type of beverage.
- Do not accept drinks from anyone but a server.

Residential Safety

- Lock your dorm room or apartment whenever you leave and when you are sleeping.
- Call 911 if you see someone in the building who does not belong.
- Do not allow strangers to follow you into the building.

Workplace Safety

- Keep personal items (purses, book bags) locked up.
- Secure the work area when no one is in it.
- Report suspicious people to the police.

Protecting Your Property

- Record the serial numbers of your valuables.
- Keep your vehicle locked when it is parked and when you drive.
- Do not leave textbooks, purses, or book bags unattended.
- Do not leave laptop computers unattended.
- Report lost or stolen cards

Walking Around Campus

- Make sure your cell phone is easily accessible and fully charged.
- Take major, public paths rather than shortcuts that are less populated.
- Avoid dimly lit places and talk to the Head of Campus Safety or their designee if lights need to be installed in an area.

- Avoid putting music headphones in both ears so that you can be more aware of your surroundings, especially if you are walking alone.
- Walking back from the library very late at night is sometimes unavoidable, so try to walk with a friend.
- Carry a noisemaker (like a whistle) on your keychain.
- Carry a small flashlight on your keychain.
- If walking feels unsafe, contact Campus Safety, an RA, or other students to walk with you.

Explanation of Crime Statistics & Terms

The crime statistics in the following tables are compiled from Winston-Salem Police Department reports, Campus Security Authorities (those with significant responsibility for students and student activities), and incidents reported by local law enforcement agencies.

Definition of Terms

- Aggravated Assault: An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault is usually accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. It is not necessary that injury results from an aggravated assault when a gun, knife, or other weapon is used, which could or probably would result in a serious potential injury if a crime were successfully completed.
- Arson: Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling, house, public building, motor vehicle, aircraft, personal property, etc.
- Burglary: The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. For reporting purposes, this definition includes unlawful entry with intent to commit a larceny or a felony, breaking and entering with intent to commit a larceny, housebreaking, safecracking, and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.
- Bystander: A person who (either directly or indirectly) has an opportunity to prevent or respond to a situation that they know to be damaging to another person or the community and does not do so, either by choice or inability to act.
- Dating Violence: Under the Clery Act, the term “dating violence” means violence committed by a person (1) who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim and (2) the existence of such of a relationship shall be based on the statement of the reporting party and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship. For the purposes of this definition, Dating Violence includes but is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse. Dating violence does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence. For the purposes of complying with the requirements of this section and section 668.41, any incident meeting this definition is considered a crime for the purposes of Clery Act reporting. In North Carolina, dating violence includes the criminal offense of Violation of a Domestic Violence Protection Order (NCGS 50B-4.1).
- Domestic Violence: Under the Clery Act, the term “domestic violence” means a felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim; by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common; by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner; by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred; or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person’s acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred. In North Carolina Domestic Violence includes the following criminal offense: Simple Assault (NCGS13-22(a)), Assault inflicting Serious Injury (NCGS 14-33(C0(!), Assault on a Female (NCGS 14-33-(c)(2)), Assault by

Pointing a Gun (NCGS 14-34), or Violation of a Domestic Violence Protection Order (NCGS 50B-4.1).

- Drug Abuse Violations: Violations of state and local laws relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing, and making of narcotic drugs. The relevant substances include crack or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine); marijuana; synthetic narcotics (Demerol, methadone); and dangerous non-narcotics drugs (barbiturates, Benzedrine).
- Liquor Law Violations: The violations of laws or ordinances that prohibit: the manufacture, sale, transporting, furnishing, or possessing of intoxicating liquor; maintaining unlawful drinking places; bootlegging; operating a still; furnishing liquor to a minor or intemperate person; using a vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor; drinking on a bus or public conveyance; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned acts. (Driving while intoxicated and public intoxication are NOT included in the statistics.)
- Fondling: The touching of the private parts of another for the purposes of sexual gratification without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.
- Hate Crimes: Criminal offenses that manifest evidence the victim was intentionally selected because of the perpetrator's bias against the race, religion, sexual orientation, gender, gender identity, ethnicity, national origin, or disability of the victim. For Clery Act purposes, Hate Crimes are reported for the following crimes: murder, non-negligent manslaughter, sexual assault, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, motor vehicle theft, arson, larceny-theft, simple assault, intimidation, and destruction/damage / vandalism of property
- Hazing: To mean any intentional, knowing, or reckless act committed by a person (whether individually or in concert with other persons) against another person or persons regardless of the willingness of such other person or persons to participate, that (1) is committed in the course of an initiation into, an affiliation with, or the maintenance of membership in, a student organization (e.g., a club, athletic team, fraternity, or sorority); and (2) causes or creates a risk, above the reasonable risk encountered in the course of participation in the IHE or the organization, of physical or psychological injury.
- Incest: Defined as nonforcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.
- Manslaughter by Negligence: The killing of another person through gross negligence.
- Motor Vehicle Theft: The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle; all cases where automobiles are taken by persons not having lawful access, even though the vehicles are later abandoned, including joyriding.
- Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter: The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.

- Rape: The penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim.
- Robbery: The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force, violence, and/or causing the victim fear.
- Sexual Assault: Under the Clery Act, “sexual assault” means an offense that meets the definition of rape, fondling, incest, or statutory rape as used in the FBI’s Uniformed Crime Reporting system. A sex offense is any act directed against another person, with the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent. Sexual Assault in the State of North Carolina includes the following criminal offenses: Forcible Rape (NCGS 14-27.2/ NCGS 14-27.3), Statutory Rape, (NCGS 14-27.2(a)(1)/NCGS 14-27.7A), Forcible Sexual Offense (NCGS 14-27.4/NCGS 14-27.5), Statutory Sexual Offense (NCGS 14-27.4(a)(1) NCGS 14-27.7S(a)), Sexual Activity by a Substitute Parent/by a Custodian/with a Student (NCGS 14-27.7), Indecent Liberties with a Child/between Children/with a Student (NCGS 14-202.1/NCGS 14-202.2/NCGS 14-202.4), Sexual Battery (NCGS 14-27.5A0), Solicitation of a Child by Computer to Commit an Unlawful Sex Act (NCGS 14-202.3).
- Stalking: Under the Clery Act, the term “stalking” means engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for the person’s safety or the safety of others or suffer substantial emotional distress. For the purposes of this definition: (1) course of conduct means two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts which the stalker directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means follows monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about, a person, or interferes with a person’s property; (2) substantial emotional distress means significant mental suffering or anguish that may, but does not necessarily, require medical or other professional treatment or counseling; (3) reasonable person means a reasonable person under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the victim. For the purposes of complying with the requirements of this section and section 668.41, an incident meeting this definition is considered a crime for the purposes of Clery Act reporting. In North Carolina, stalking includes the following criminal offenses: Stalking (NCGS 14-277.3), Cyberstalking (NCGS 14-196.3), and Violation of a Domestic Violence Protective Order (NCGS 50B-4.1).
- Statistics for Referred Violations: The Clery Act also includes statistics for weapons, drug, and liquor law violations described above that are referred for disciplinary action. Clery defines “referred for disciplinary action” as the referral of any person to any official who initiates a disciplinary action of which a record is kept and which may result in a sanction. All referrals are managed by the Vice President for Student Affairs.
- Statutory Rape: Nonforcible sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.
- Unfounded Crimes: Carolina University may withhold, or subsequently remove, a reported crime from its crime statistics in the rare situation where Winston-Salem Police or other sworn law enforcement personnel have fully investigated the reported crime and, based on the results of this full investigation and evidence, have made a formal determination that the crime report is false or baseless and therefore “unfounded.”

- Weapons Law Violations: The violation of laws or ordinances dealing with weapon offenses, regulatory in nature, such as the manufacture, sale, or possession of deadly weapons; carrying deadly weapons, concealed or openly; furnishing deadly weapons to minors; aliens possessing deadly weapons; all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

Definitions of Locations

- On-Campus: (1) Any building or property that is owned or controlled by an institution within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area and is used by the institution in direct support of, or in a manner related to, the institution educational purposes, including residence halls; and (2) Any building or property that is within or reasonably contiguous to the area identified in point (1), that is owned by the institution, but controlled by another person, is frequently used by students and supports institutional purposes (examples include food or retail vendor).
- Residential Facilities: Dorms at the University.
- Non-Campus Building or Property: (1) Any building or property owned or controlled by a student organization that the institution officially recognizes; or (2) Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution that is used in direct support of or in relation to, the institution's educational purposes, is frequently used by students, and is not within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the institution.
- Public Property: All public property, including thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, and parking facilities, that is within the campus or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus, as reported to the Winston-Salem Police Department.

The crime statistics reflect those offenses mandated by the “Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act” that have been compiled by the Winston-Salem Police Department. These include all reports made to the Winston-Salem Police Department and officials of the University who have significant responsibility for student and campus activities. Local law enforcement provides most of the public property offenses.

Hazing Transparency Report

This requires institutions of higher education (IHE) that participate in federal student aid programs to report hazing incidents. Specifically, the act requires each IHE to disclose hazing incidents that were reported to campus security authorities or local police agencies in its annual security report. The act defines the term hazing to mean any intentional, knowing, or reckless act committed by a person (whether individually or in concert with other persons) against another person or persons regardless of the willingness of such other person or persons to participate, that (1) is committed in the course of an initiation into, an affiliation with, or the maintenance of membership in, a student organization (e.g., a club, athletic team, fraternity, or sorority); and (2) causes or creates a risk, above the reasonable risk encountered in the course of participation in the IHE or the organization, of physical or psychological injury.

Carolina University is committed to providing a safe, respectful, and Christ-centered community. Hazing is strictly prohibited and will not be tolerated in any form. Any act that endangers the mental, physical or emotional safety and wellbeing of a student in connection with a group, team or organization is strictly forbidden. Students, faculty and staff are encouraged to report any and all suspected hazing promptly to the Director of Student Life or Head of Campus Safety.

Missing Student Notification

In accordance with federal law, an institution providing any on-campus student housing facility must include in its annual security report a statement of policy regarding missing student notification procedures for students who reside in on-campus student housing facilities.

Carolina University has the following policy:

- Students will be asked to provide an emergency contact name at the beginning of each fall semester, or spring semester if a new student. These names will be kept confidentially by the Office of Campus Life and the Vice President for Student Affairs.
- A student may be deemed missing if it is reported to appropriate University personnel (Vice President, Resident Assistant, or Campus Security) and the student has been unreachable via personal contact, telephone, email, or other means of electronic communication for 24 hours or more.
- Upon determining a resident student has been missing for 24 hours, the Vice President for Student Affairs will contact the local law enforcement agency to file a missing person's report.
- The Vice President for Student Affairs will notify the emergency contact person designated by the student (this contact information will be registered confidentially).
- If the missing student is under 18 years of age and not emancipated, Carolina University will (as required by law) notify a custodial parent or guardian within 24 hours when the student is determined to be missing (if such person is different from the contact person designated by the student).

Crime Statistical Report

CRIMINAL OFFENSES				
	ALL ON CAMPUS PROPERTY	ON CAMPUS HOUSING	NON-CAMPUS PROPERTY	PUBLIC PROPERTY
MURDER/NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER				
2023	0	0	0	0
2024	0	0	0	0
2025	0	0	0	0
MANSLAUGHTER BY NEGLIGENCE				
2023	0	0	0	0
2024	0	0	0	1
2025	0	0	0	0
RAPE				
2023	0	0	0	0
2024	0	0	0	1
2025	0	0	0	1
FONDLING				
2023	0	0	0	0
2024	0	0	0	0
2025	0	0	0	0
INCEST				
2023	0	0	0	0
2024	0	0	0	0
2025	0	0	0	0
STATUTORY RAPE				
2023	0	0	0	0
2024	0	0	0	0

2025	0	0	0	0
ROBBERY				
2023	0	0	0	0
2024	0	0	0	1
2025	0	0	0	0
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT				
2023	0	0	0	1
2024	0	0	0	3
2025	0	0	0	1
BURGLARY				
2023	0	0	0	0
2024	0	0	0	0
2025	0	0	0	0
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT				
2023	1	0	0	0
2024	0	0	0	1
2025	1	0	0	0
ARSON				
2023	0	0	0	0
2024	0	0	0	0
2025	0	0	0	0

VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (VAWA) OFFENCES				
	ALL ON CAMPUS PROPERTY	ON CAMPUS HOUSING	NON-CAMPUS PROPERTY	PUBLIC PROPERTY
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE				
2023	0	0	0	2
2024	0	0	0	3
2025	0	0	0	6
DATING VIOLENCE				
2023	0	0	0	0
2024	0	0	0	0
2025	0	0	0	0
STALKING				
2023	0	0	0	0
2024	0	0	0	0
2025	0	0	0	0

ARRESTS FOR DISCIPLINARY ACTION				
	ALL ON CAMPUS PROPERTY	ON CAMPUS HOUSING	NON-CAMPUS PROPERTY	PUBLIC PROPERTY
ARRESTS				
LIQUOR LAW VIOLATIONS				
2023	0	0	0	0
2024	0	0	0	0
2025	0	0	0	0
DRUG LAW VIOLATIONS				
2023	0	0	0	0

2024	0	0	0	0
2025	1	1	0	3
WEAPONS VIOLATIONS				
2023	0	0	0	0
2024	0	0	0	0
2025	0	0	0	0

REFERRALS FOR DISCIPLINARY ACTION				
	ALL ON CAMPUS PROPERTY	ON CAMPUS HOUSING	NON-CAMPUS PROPERTY	PUBLIC PROPERTY
REFERRALS				
LIQUOR LAW VIOLATIONS				
2023	0	0	0	0
2024	0	0	0	0
2025	0	0	0	0
DRUG LAW VIOLATIONS				
2023	0	0	0	0
2024	0	0	0	0
2025	0	0	0	0
WEAPONS VIOLATIONS				
2023	0	0	0	0
2024	0	0	0	0
2025	0	0	0	0

Hazing Transparency Report				
	ALL ON CAMPUS PROPERTY	ON CAMPUS HOUSING	NON-CAMPUS PROPERTY	PUBLIC PROPERTY
HAZING				
2025	0	0	0	0

Missing Student Report				
	ALL ON CAMPUS PROPERTY	ON CAMPUS HOUSING	NON-CAMPUS PROPERTY	PUBLIC PROPERTY
MISSING PERSON INCIDENT				
2023	0	0	0	0
2024	0	0	0	0
2025	0	0	0	0

Hate Crimes

There were no Hate Crimes reported in 2023, 2024, or 2025.

Unfounded Crimes

2023: No crimes were determined to be unfounded.

2024: There was 1 crime determined to be unfounded by the Winston-Salem Police Department.

2025: No crimes were determined to be unfounded.

Fire Statistical Report

REPORTABLE FIRE STATISTICS			
RESIDENTIAL FACILITY LOG	2023	2024	2025
NUMBER OF FIRES	0	0	0
CAUSE OF FIRE	N/A (No fires reported)	N/A (No fires reported)	N/A (No fires reported)
ESTIMATED PROPERTY DAMAGE	N/A (No fires reported)	N/A (No fires reported)	N/A (No fires reported)
NUMBER OF INJURIES	N/A (No fires reported)	N/A (No fires reported)	N/A (No fires reported)
NUMBER OF DEATHS	N/A (No fires reported)	N/A (No fires reported)	N/A (No fires reported)